

FRA Purpose Built Blocks

Responsible Person:	Islington Council
Auditor:	{REDACTED}
Location:	37-64 Cluse Court, St. Peter's Street, London N1 8PY
Area Housing Office:	PURPOSE-BUILT BLOCKS - ST JOHN STREET
Date of Audit	13/05/2021
Suggested Review	13/05/2022



Overall Assessment of Fire Risk

Hazard from Fire:	Normal
Consequences Life:	Slight Harm
Overall Risk from Fire:	Tolerable

PRIVATE

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Introduction

This report has been completed in compliance with Article 9 of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the risk to life from fire, and where appropriate, to make recommendations to ensure compliance with fire safety legislation.

The assessment was completed on the situation observed while at the premises and on information provided, either verbally or in writing.

The assessment does not involve destructive exposure, and it is not always possible to see in all rooms and areas, not inspect less readily accessible areas such as above ceilings. It is therefore necessary to rely on a degree of sampling and also reasonable assumptions and judgments.

The report represents only the best judgment of the auditor involved in the preparation and is based, in part, on information provided by others, such as other staff members or contractors.

Note that, although the purpose is to place the fire risk in context, the approach to fire safety risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only.

All hazards and deficiencies identified in this fire safety risk assessment should be addressed by implementing all the recommendations contained in the action summary.

General Building Information

Premises Description and/or Other Relevant Information:

Single staircase & lift at one end of the building with open balcony approach on even floor numbers above 2nd floor. Riser cupboards on staircase on odd floor levels above 1st floor. Flat entrance directly off of staircase at 1st floor level and a flat entrance directly off of lift lobby on 2nd floor and ground floor.

Brief Details of the Block Construction:

Concrete framed building with brick and blockwork walls. FB Override. Lift. CCTV

Number of Floors:	10	Total Number of Units:	28
Number of Emergency Exits:	1	Number of Employees Present:	0+
Approximate Number of Residents:	70	Maximum Number of members of the Public at any one time:	30
Disabled Occupants:	Not Known		

Fire Loss Experience (if known):

Fire in 2nd floor flat approx. 2010. (No known fatalities)

Audit Details

Section	2. Identifying the Fire Hazards	
Sub-Section	2.1 Sources of Ignition	
Question	2.1.1 Naked flames	No
Question	2.1.2 Electrical sources	Low Risk
Question	2.1.3 Acts of nature eg lightning	Low Risk

Sub-Section	2.2 Sources of Fuel	
Question	2.2.1 Combustive materials	Low Risk

Sub-Secn	2.3 Sources of Oxygen	
Question	2.3.1 Sources of oxygen other than naturally occurring?	None

Section	3. Identifying People at Risk	
Question	3.1 Are employees and/or visitors at risk from fire hazards?	Low Risk
Question	3.2 Are residents at risk from fire hazards?	Low Risk
Question	3.3 Are vulnerable persons at risk from the fire hazards?	Low Risk

Section	4. Evaluating the Fire Hazards	
Question	4.1 Do the premises have an effective smoking policy?	Low Risk
"No Smoking "signage is displayed in the premises.		
Question	4.2 Does electrical equipment or wiring appear to be free from damage or misuse?	Low Risk

Electrical intake cupboards are routinely checked as part of the Estate Service Co-ordinators' inspection regime, which is documented. Estate/Caretaking Services will ensure doors remain adequately secured when not in use.

Question	4.3 Have satisfactory measures been taken to reduce the risk of arson?	Medium Risk	
	Block entry security system. CCTV on estate.		
ACTION	Secure refuse bin store/chamber.		
Findings (ISSUE)	Refuse chamber unsecured. Fires in refuse chambers are unfortunately relatively common. The chute can transfer smoke and hot gases to the upper floors of a building. For this reason, it is important that refuse chambers are secured between refuse collections.	Action & Completion By 14/11/2021	
Question	4.4 Do the premises have any protection against acts such as lightning	Yes	
Lightening protection evident on building.			
Question	4.5 Are the common and landlord areas of the premises free from an accumulation of combustible materials, storage and/or waste?	Yes	

Islington Council operates a risk based approach to managing communal areas dependent on the design layout. Where corridors are enclosed or substantially enclosed a zero tolerance approach will be adopted. Where blocks have an open corridor design a managed use policy will be in place, where items of limited combustibility such as door mats, plant pots etc. are generally permitted in line with the guidance note for fire prevention in communal areas. Regular inspections are carried out by Estate Service Co-ordinators or TMO staff to ensure this policy is being adhered to and that properties are kept free of an accumulation of combustible waste. A 'zero tolerance' policy will be introduced where residents are unable to adhere to a sensible managed use arrangement.

Question	4.6 Are wall, ceiling or floor coverings of a fire-resistant nature?	Low Risk
Question	4.7 Are holes in fire resistant partitions (service ducts, fire compartments or flues) within the premises adequately fire stopped?	Previous Action O/S

1 Action(s) Still Outstanding

Action Ref: 0035940

Action Details:

Inspect fire stopping within secured service risers and take remedial action as appropriate to ensure adequate fire separation is maintained.

Question	4.8 Is fire separation on the means of escape routes adequately maintained?	Low Risk
Question	4.9 Are there arrangements to ensure the safe evacuation of the premises where it is used for sleeping?	Low Risk

Security gates fitted within block to individual dwellings.

Islington Council recognises the balance between safety and security, adopting an advisory approach to security gates/grills and warning residents of the dangers/potential delays to the fire and rescue authority. Where gates/grills hinder access/egress to more than one property they will be disabled and/or removed immediately. The Construction and Fire Safety Team (CFST) will write to residents with gates installed periodically to refresh this information. This will also be repeated through resident newsletters and web articles etc. periodically.

Question	4.10 Are evacuation arrangements for vulnerable people suitable/sufficient?	Low Risk
No vulnerable people formerly identified but there may be occupants with varying degrees of physical/mental disability, in line with the general population.		
Question	4.11 Are the escape routes identified with effective signage to allow for all people to safely evacuate the premises in the event of an emergency?	Yes
Simple single stairway escape route.		

Section	5. Means of Escape	
Question	5.1 Are the available escape routes and exit widths suitable and sufficient for the number of people within the premises?	Yes
Question	5.2 Are the available escape routes and widths suitable and sufficient for the physical layout of the premises?	Yes
Question	5.3 Are all pathways corridors and escape routes (internal and external) free from obstruction or other fire risks?	Yes

Question	5.4 Are escape routes likely to be compromised in early stages of fire? i.e unprotected staircase or inadequate ventilation	Low Risk
	Open balcony approach and open-able windows on stairw	ay.
Question	5.5 Is the lighting adequate?	Yes
Con	nmulite emergency lighting installed within block since las	t FRA.
Question	5.6 Do all exits within the premises lead to a place of reasonable or total safety?	Yes
Question	5.7 Are dwelling front entrance doors (from random sample) of a suitably fire resisting construction for the type of property and the location?	Yes
	All doors appear to be at least notional FD30 doors.	
	f flat entrance doors have been replaced to comply with c lock contains a number of leaseholder doors which have r	
Question	5.8 Are the dwelling front entrance doors (from random sample) fitted with fully functional self-closing devices?	No
closers are lik	loors have recently been upgraded to current standards, t kely to be in place and working, however, this block conta leaseholder doors which may not have a working self-clos	ins a number of
ACTION	Ensure dwelling entrance door has a working self-closing mechanism.	
Findings (ISSUE)	{REDACTED}	Action & Completion By 14/11/2021
Question	5.9 Are the fire doors within the common and landlord areas suitable and sufficient, and fitted where necessary, with intumescent strips and smoke seals?	Yes
Stairway fire doors have been replaced since last FRA.		
Question	5.10 Are self-closing devices provided appropriately on fire doors within the common and landlord areas? If so, are they in working order?	Yes
Question	5.11 Are the internal fire doors indicated with the appropriate signage	Yes

Question	5.12 Do the doors used for means of escape from the premises open in direction of travel where necessary?	Yes
Question	5.13 Are doors used for means of escape from the premises provided with suitable fastenings that can be easily and immediately opened without the use of a key?	Yes

Entry doors are incorporated into routine Estate Service Co-ordinators' inspections, with any repair issues raised with Estate Maintenance Team/Housing Repairs Service.

Question	5.14 Are the floor surfaces on the escape route (internal and external) free from trip/slip hazards?	Low Risk
Question	5.15 Are Fire Service facilities and access to the premises suitable and sufficient?	Low Risk
ACTION	Prominently display at/within main entrance area a premises information box (PIB) containing layout drawings with details of high risk areas; location of emergency cut off valves/switches and room usage for fire brigade use in an emergency. Including location details of known vulnerable residents (EAR List).	
Findings (ISSUE)	Premises information box should be provided in accordance with information supplied in the London Fire Brigade's fire safety guidance note GN70.	Action & Completion By 14/05/2022
ACTION	Consider retro-fitting a dry-riser to this building.	
Findings (ISSUE)	Due to the height of this building, getting water to the upper floors would be made easier if a dry riser were installed. However, due to the open nature of the balcony area, hauling hose aloft would not be too onerous for the Fire Service.	Action & Completion By 14/05/2028
Question	5.16 Are floor level indicators present and legible?	Yes
Question	5.17 Do Fire Services facilities such as dry/wet risers, door entry/lift overrides appear to be free from damage and vandalism?	Yes
Question	5.18 Are Fire Service facilities and controls for the premises subjected to a suitable system of maintenance and/or repair?	Yes

Testing of LFB access switches is incorporated into routine Estate Service Co-ordinators' inspections, with any repair issues raised with Estate Maintenance Team/Housing Repairs Service.

The lift overrides are tested on a monthly basis as part of the PPM maintenance visit carried out

by the Lift Contractor.

Section	6. Detection and Warning	
Question	6.1 Do the dwellings (from random sample) appear to have suitable hard wired smoke/heat detection installed?	Low Risk

Mains powered smoke/heat detection (to LD2 standard) was installed extensively to tenanted properties as part of the Decent Homes programme between 2004 & 2010. Since the conclusion of the Decent Homes programme, mains powered smoke/heat detection (LD2) is now installed as part of void property process and the cyclical (5 yearly), domestic electrical inspection/testing regime where it is not already provided. It is likely the majority of leasehold properties will not benefit from mains powered detection systems, although some grade F systems (battery operated) are likely to exist.

ACTION	Determine if the existing provision of detection installed is suitable for the current layout and upgrade if required.	
Findings (ISSUE)	This block appears to contain maisonettes. Inspect internally to determine if original fire safety measures are still in place/available and adequate means of escape/warning are provided for the layout of the dwelling.	Action & Completion By 14/05/2028
Question	6.2 Are methods of detection and warning within the premises considered suitable and sufficient?	Yes

Section	7. Emergency Plans	
Question	7.1 Based upon the overall risk of fire, evaluation of fire hazards and means of escape, is the policy of "Stay put, unless affected by smoke or fire" considered adequate for the dwellings within these premises?	Yes
Question	7.2 Based upon the overall risk of fire, evaluation of fire hazards and means of escape, is the policy of "Full Evacuation" considered adequate for the dwellings within these premises?	N/A
Question	7.3 Have emergency plans been communicated to residents and other relevant people	Yes
	Fire action notice displayed in entrance lobby to block.	

The majority of purpose built blocks of flats operate on the principle that residents should 'stay put, unless directly affected by smoke, heat or fire'. This is communicated to residents through the tenant sign-up pack, regular newsletter articles and the Islington Council website, which also links to the LFB's 'know the plan' website. Caretakers are informed through periodic training.

Section	8. Further Surveys and Investigation	
Question	8.1 Are there any serious or suspected structural deficiencies which could lead to spread of fire beyond the dwelling of origin, warranting further investigation such as a Type 2, 3 or 4 survey?	No
Question	8.2 Are there any un-accessed areas or known voids that warrant further investigation to confirm adequate fire safety measures are in place?	No
Question	8.3 Are the external escape staircases and gangways for the premises subjected to a suitable system of periodic inspection, maintenance and repair?	Low Risk
Estate Service Co-ordinators' inspections include all external staircases, gangways and other such areas associated with a particular block. Defects are raised via Estate Maintenance Team/Housing Repairs Service and monitored to completion through the inspection process.		
Question	8.4 Are there other types of occupancy forming part of/or within the block (shops, offices, nurseries etc)?	No
Question	8.5 Are there any other issues which may have an impact on the fire safety of the premises?	No
Question	8.6 Are the external surfaces of the building likely to promote fire spread?	No
Exterior surface of block appears to be brick and masonry.		

Section	9. Overall Assessment of Fire Risk	
Question	9.1 Evaluation of overall fire hazard	Normal
Question	9.2 Evaluation of overall consequences for life safety	Slight Harm
Question	9.3 Overall evaluation of fire risk	Tolerable

Question	9.4 The most appropriate fire strategy for this building is	Stay-put
Stay put unless	s directly affected by fire, heat, smoke or asked to leave	by the Fire Service.
Question	9.5 Height of Building	High Rise (10 Storey and above)
Question	9.6 Next FRA Due	13/05/2022

Audit Details

Section	4. Evaluating the Fire Hazards
Action Ref	0040232
Question	4.3 Have satisfactory measures been taken to reduce the risk of arson?
Action Required	Secure refuse bin store/chamber.
Action Notes	Refuse chamber unsecured. Fires in refuse chambers are unfortunately relatively common. The chute can transfer smoke and hot gases to the upper floors of a building. For this reason, it is important that refuse chambers are secured between refuse collections.
Due Date	14/11/2021
Responsible	Area Housing Office - Estate Services
Status	OPEN
Section	5. Means of Escape
Action Ref	0040233
Question	5.15 Are Fire Service facilities and access to the premises suitable and sufficient?
Action Required	Prominently display at/within main entrance area a premises information box (PIB) containing layout drawings with details of high risk areas; location of emergency cut off valves/switches and room usage for fire brigade use in an emergency. Including location details of known vulnerable residents (EAR List).
Action Notes	Premises information box should be provided in accordance with information supplied in the London Fire Brigade's fire safety guidance note GN70.
Due Date	14/05/2022
Responsible	Estate Maintenance Team
Status	OPEN
Action Ref	0040234

Question	5.15 Are Fire Service facilities and access to the premises suitable and sufficient?
Action Required	Consider retro-fitting a dry-riser to this building.
Action Notes	Due to the height of this building, getting water to the upper floors would be made easier if a dry riser were installed. However, due to the open nature of the balcony area, hauling hose aloft would not be too onerous for the Fire Service.
Due Date	14/05/2028
Responsible	Cyclical Improvement Programme (CIP)
Status	OPEN
Action Ref	0040235
Question	5.8 Are the dwelling front entrance doors (from random sample) fitted with fully functional self-closing devices?
Action Required	Ensure dwelling entrance door has a working self-closing mechanism.
Action Notes	{REDACTED}
Due Date	14/11/2021
Responsible	Area Housing Office - Tenancy Management
Status	OPEN
Section	6. Detection and Warning
Action Ref	0040231
Question	6.1 Do the dwellings (from random sample) appear to have suitable hard wired smoke/heat detection installed?
Action Required	Determine if the existing provision of detection installed is suitable for the current layout and upgrade if required.
Action Notes	This block appears to contain maisonettes. Inspect internally to determine if original fire safety measures are still in place/available and adequate means of escape/warning are provided for the layout of the dwelling.

Due Date	14/05/2028
Responsible	Cyclical Improvement Programme (CIP)
Status	OPEN

Previous O/S Actions (as of report generation date)

Action Ref: 0035940 - Inspect fire stopping within secured service risers and take remedial action as appropriate to ensure adequate fire separation is maintained.